

India. At Saugor, also in Central India, I got several small specimens of a Lizard of which I have a sketch with some details which, in spite of its geographical position, appears to resemble *Ps. Theobaldi* more closely than *Jerdoni*; but without specimens this fact cannot be satisfactorily settled. It is found on all the rocky hills about Saugor, but rather rare.

Major Beddome has also quite recently sent me one specimen of yet another species of this genus, obtained by him on the Bremnagherry hills, at an elevation of 5000 feet. It differs from both the previous species in having a pair of small anterior frontals, the other two having one large one; the head is still shorter than in *Jerdoni* and more triangular, the tail is distinctly more rounded at the base than in either of the other two species, in which it is somewhat depressed. The coloration is very similar to that of the two others. I shall call this species *Pseudophiops Beddomei*.

Cabrila Leschenaultii, D. and B., recorded by me in my Catalogue from the banks of the Cavery and neighbouring parts, has been recently procured in these localities by Major Beddome, and he has also obtained one specimen of a second *Cabrila* which he has named *C. Jerdoni*. It is from the same district as the other, but differs from the typical species in several important points, as noted in the description of the species in the Madras Medical Journal for 1870, No. I, p. 34 &c.

I find that *Tachydromus sex-lineatus* extends into Assam and the Khasi hills, where by no means rare about Shillong. Günther has not seen it from a locality north of Rangoon.

Dr. Stoliczka informed me of a second species of *Tachydromus*, which was sent by Mr. H. L. Haughton to the Museum from Goalpara in Assam. It differs from the last and indeed from all the species cited by Günther, except *T. japonicus*, in having 4 pairs of chin-shields instead of 3, but it has 6 dorsal series of scales, and 10 ventral series; all of them keeled. Its coloration is very similar to that of *T. sex-lineatus*, but the glistening pale green longitudinal stripe is broader, and the dark line below narrower. I shall with the concurrence of the Curator name this *Tachydromus Haughtonianus*. Length $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches, of which the tail measures $5\frac{3}{4}$.

Of the *Scincidae* I have ascertained by numerous specimens from Darjeeling, the Sutlej valley and Kashmir, that Günther's